Answer key to chapter 1 and 2 review IPC

- 1. F times a
- 2. T2 plus T1
- 3. m times v
- 4.  $\Delta D$  divided by  $\Delta T$ 
  - 1. a = 43 m/s2
  - 2. S or v = 3 meters/ sec
  - 3. D = 45 meters
  - 4. F = 22 newtons
  - 5. T = 80 sec
  - 6.  $S = \Delta D / \Delta T$  $\Delta D = S \Delta T$

```
a = \Delta S / \Delta T

\Delta S = a \Delta T

\Delta T = \Delta S / a
```

A car travels 10 m/s for 5 secs. Calculate how far it traveled. Variables: 10 m/s, 5 sec Formula: S =  $\Delta D / \Delta T$ Solution: 50 m

You travel from Maine (100 miles away) to Vermont (300 miles away), in 4 hours. Calculate your speed.

Variables: D1= 100 miles, D2= 300 miles, T=4 hours

Formula:  $S = \Delta D / \Delta T$  and  $\Delta D = D2 - D1$ 

Solution: 50 mph

A bike goes 12 m/s for 6 seconds. Calculate how far the bike traveled.

Variables: 12 m/s, 6 seconds

Formula:  $a = \Delta S / \Delta T$ Solution: 2 m/s2

You're meeting a friend at 6pm. She lives 180 miles away. The speed limit is 60 mph. When do you need to leave?

Variables: T2=6pm,  $\Delta D$  = 180 miles, S = 60mph

Solution= 3pm

- 1. C
- 2. D
- 3. A
- 4. E

- 5. B
- 6. Control
- 7. Experimental
- 8. Control
- 9. Experimental
- 10. Experimental
- 11. Control
- 12. Control

Page 2:

- 1. D
- 2. C
- 3. A
- 4. E
- 5. F
- 6. B
  - At rest A, C Fast B Slow D Backward D Forward B

Independent variable: time (sec)

Dependent variable: position

14 m

Rise/run= 4m/s

```
Slope stands for speed m/s
```

A person starts running from 3 m/s to 9 m/s in 2 seconds. Calculate the person's acceleration

```
Variables: S2= 9m/s, S1= 3m/s, T= 2 sec
```

Formula: ∆S/T

Solve: 3 m/s2

A plane stops from 300 mph in 15 seconds. Calculate the plane's acceleration

Variables: S1 = 0, S2= 300 mph, 15 seconds

Formula:  $a = \Delta S/T$ 

Solve: 20 m/s2

Speed or velocity:

- 1. Speed
- 2. Speed
- 3. Velocity Scalar or vector
  - 1. S
  - 1. J 2. V
  - 2. v 3. V

Speed vs. time graph

- 1. Constant speed B, D
- 2. Deceleration C
- 3. Acceleration A